BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Brookeland, Texas

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019



TABLE OF CONTENTS

TANTO O DALLOTTO DALLOTTO DALLOTTO DE LA CONTRACTO DE LA CONTR	<u>PAGE</u>	EXHIBIT NO
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	4	
Certificate of Board	4	
FINANCIAL SECTION:		
Independent Auditors' Report		
Management's Discussion and Analysis	8	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position		A-1
Statement of Activities	16	B-1
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	17	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds - Balance	17	C-1
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	1.2	C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	10	O-1K
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	19	C-2
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the		
Statement of Activities	20	C-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	21	E-1
Notes to the Financial Statements	22	
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund		
Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund	44	G-1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund		
Balance Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	45	G-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net		
Pension Liability		G-3
Schedule of the District Contributions		G-4
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	48	
Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Informa	ation:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds		H-1
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	52	H-2
Other Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable		J-1
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agen		T 0
Child Nutrition Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	57	J-2
Compliance Section:		
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance		
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performe		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	59	
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program		
and on Internal Control Over Compliance with Uniform Guidance	61	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	63	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	64	
Corrective Action Plan		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	66	
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		7 1
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	68	L-1



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF BOARD August 31, 2019

Brookeland Independent School District	Jasper	121-902
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached and were reviewed and (check one) approve 2019, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of su	ed disapproved f	or the year ended August 31,
Signature of Board Secretary	Sign	nature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Brookeland Independent School District Brookeland, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brookeland Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison of major funds, pension information, and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Brookeland Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas December 19, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Brookeland Independent School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows or resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$13,972,665 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,214,309 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$436,371 due to increases in grant and property tax revenues.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,879,086, a decrease of \$1,144,120 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,297,058, or 84 percent of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components - *government-wide* financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is changing.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, and Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fund Financial Statement

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirement.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual revenue appropriations budget for its general fund and national school breakfast and lunch special revenue fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information and supplementary information, including schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such supplementary information can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$13,972,665 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Table A-1 The District's Net Position

(in thousands of dollars)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
	2019		2018		INCREASE (DEC	INCREASE (DECREASE)				
	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%				
Current and other assets	\$ 8 281 582	49	\$ 8 862 590	55	\$ (581 008)	(7)				
Capital and non-current										
assets	8 758 356	51	7 150 214	45	1 608 142	22				
TOTAL ASSETS	17 039 938	100	16 012 804	100	1 027 134					
Deferred outflows	442 896	100	66 941	100	375 955	562				
2022704 044220110		100		100		002				
Noncurrent liabilities										
outstanding	2 116 970	74	1 637 513	89	479 457	29				
Other liabilities	753 074	26	201 132	11	551 942	274				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2 870 044	100	1 838 645	100	1 031 399					
Deferred inflows	640 125	100	704 806	100	(64 681)	(9)				
Net Position:										
Net investments in										
capital assets	8 758 356	63	7 150 214	53	1 608 142	22				
Unrestricted	5 214 309	37	6 386 080	47	(1 171 771)	(18)				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13 972 665	100	\$ 13 536 294	100	\$ 436 371					

The excess of assets/deferred outflows of resources over liabilities/deferred inflows of resources reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position of \$13,972,665 at August 31, 2019 results from several factors.

Net investment in capital assets (\$8,758,356 or 65 percent of net position) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of any related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay any debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District did not have any debt liabilities for capital assets at fiscal year-end.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$5,214,309 or 37 percent of net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.

Table A-2 Changes in the District's Net Position

(in thousands of dollars)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		2019			2018	3		Increase (Decrease)			
		Amount	%		Amount	%	_ :	Amount	%		
Revenues:		_			_			_			
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	71 857	1	\$	73 809	1	\$	(1 952)	(3)		
Operating grants											
and contributions		654 125	10		(305 496)	(6)		959 621	(314)		
General Revenues:											
Property taxes		2 837 683	45		2 749 877	53		87 806	3		
Grants and contributions		2 680 762	43		2 531 027	51		149 735	6		
Investment earnings		21 895	-		29 965	1		(8 070)	(27)		
Other	_	5 570	-	_	5 082	-	_	488	(4)		
TOTAL REVENUES	_	6 271 892	100	_	5 084 984	100	_	1 186 908			
Expenses:											
Instruction		3 234 560	55		2 171 505	51		1 063 055	49		
Instructional resources and											
media services		50 488	1		67 136	2		(16 648)	(25)		
Curriculum and instructional											
staff development		18 336	-		9 754	-		8 582	88		
Instructional leadership		14 039	-		11 397	-		2 642	23		
School leadership		284 769	5		169 965	4		114 804	68		
Guidance, counseling, and											
evaluation services		100 678	2		42 935	1		57 743	134		
Health services		53 048	1		43 458	1		9 590	22		
Extracurricular activities											
Student transportation		192 224	3		147 877	4		44 347	30		
Food services		320 977	6		193 404	5		127 573	66		
Extracurricular activities		260 385	4		239 941	6		20 444	9		

9

11

1

1

100

374 191

610 486

6 740

27 760

3 197

90 960

4 210 706

874 278

15 070 158

(2408142)

12 662 016

\$ 13 536 294

9

14

1

2

100

149 669

30 140

7 740

1 803

9 647

(6316)

1 624 815

(437 907)

(1 533 864)

2 408 142

874 278

436 371

40

5

115

6

302

(7)

523 860

640 626

14 480

29 563

12 844

84 644

5 835 521

436 371

13 536 294

13 536 294

13 972 665

General administration

Plant maintenance and

Security and monitoring

Data processing services

Payments related to shared

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION, BEGINNING

NET POSITION, ENDING

service arrangements

TOTAL EXPENSES

Facilities repair and

maintenance

Net position, beginning

Prior period adjustment

(RESTATED)

operations

services

Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Grants and contributions (program and general revenues totaling \$3,334,887) represents 53 percent of total revenues and property taxes (\$2,837,683) represent 45 percent of total revenue. The remaining 2 percent is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous.

The primary functional expense of the District is Instruction (\$3,234,560), which represents 55 percent of total expenses. Plant maintenance and operations (\$640,626) represents 11 percent of total expenses. The remaining functional categories of expenses are less than 10 percent of total expenses. There were no significant differences in individual categories of functional expenditures.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,879,086, a decrease of \$1,144,120 in comparison with the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,297,058, while total fund balance reached \$4,297,058. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 84 percent of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$3,726,148 during the current fiscal year primarily due to costs related to construction of new facilities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District amended the budget several times throughout the year. There were no significant variations between original and final budget.

There were no significant variations between final budget and actual results.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2019, amounts to \$8,758,356 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset addition during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$1,350,620 Facilities construction-in-progress
- \$12,290 A/C units

Brookeland Independent School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

		Governmental Activities										
	-	2019			2018			Increase (Decrease)				
	-	Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%			
Land and improvements	\$	164 310	2	\$	164 310	2	\$	-				
Construction in progress		1 912 790	22		19 500	-		1 893 290	9 709			
Buildings and improvements		6 487 814	74		6 722 720	95		(234 906)	3			
Furniture and equipment		193 442	2		243 684	3		$(50\ 242)$	21			
TOTAL	\$	8 758 356	100	\$	7 150 214	100	\$	1 608 142				

Construction Commitments

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Brookeland Independent School District's Outstanding Noncurrent Liabilities

		Governmental Activities										
	_	2019			2018			Increase (Decrease)				
		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%			
Net pension liability	\$	468 329	22	\$	264 174	16	_ \$_	204 155	77			
Net OPEB liability		1 648 641	78		1 373 339	84		275 302	20			
BALANCE OF DEBT, END OF												
YEAR	\$	2 116 970		\$_	1 637 513		\$	479 457				

Additional information on the District's OPEB liability can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Current enrollment totals 387 students.
- District staff totals 69 employees, which include 39 teachers and 10 teachers' aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains two campuses for instruction.
- The unemployment rate for the counties Brookland ISD collects property taxes on are Jasper County at 5.5 percent, Newton County at 5.4 percent, Sabine County at 6.0 percent, and San Augustine County at 4.8 percent. These compare unfavorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.4 percent.
- Property values of the District are projected to remain similar to current fiscal year for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$0.97 was adopted for 2019-2020.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Brookeland Independent School District, 187 Wildcat Walk, Brookeland, Texas, 75931.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT A-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		G(1 OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7 468 829
1220	Property taxes receivable		683 602
1230	Allowance for uncollectable taxes		(34 180)
1240	Due from other governments		148 497
1250	Accrued interest		1 647
1290	Other receivable		13 187
1510	Capital Assets:		164 210
1510	Land and improvements; net		164 310
1520 1530	Buildings and improvements, net Furniture and equipment, net		6 487 814 193 442
1580			1 912 790
1000	Construction in process TOTAL ASSETS		17 039 938
1000	101AL ASSE1S		17 039 938
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
1700	Deferred outflows - Pension		227 032
1700	Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred outflows - OPEB		215 864
1700	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		442 896
1000a	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		17 482 834
1000a	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		17 402 034
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts payable		610 687
2160	Accrued wages payable		116 456
2200	Other accrued expenses		25 931
2200	Noncurrent Liabilities:		20 301
2540	Net pension liability		468 329
2545	Net OPEB liability		1 648 641
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES		2 870 044
	DEFERRED INFLOWS		
2600	Deferred inflows - Pension		118 785
2600	Deferred inflows - OPEB		521 340
	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		640 125
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS		3 510 169
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net investment in capital assets		8 758 356
3900	Unrestricted		5 214 309
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	13 972 665
		٠٠ :	

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT B-1

									NET (EXPENSE)
			1		3		4		REVENUE AND
				_	PROGRAM REVENUES			CHANGES IN	
DATA					CHARGES	RGES OPERATING			NET POSITION
CONTROL					FOR		GRANTS AND		GOVERNMENTAL
CODES	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		SERVICES		CONTRIBUTIONS	_	ACTIVITIES
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	3 234 560	\$	-	\$	357 986	\$	(2 876 574)
12	Instruction resources and								
	media services		50 488		-		2 443		(48 045)
13	Curriculum and staff development		18 336		-		9 715		(8 621)
21	Instructional leadership		14 039		-		2 507		(11 532)
23	School leadership		284 769		-		22 981		(261 788)
31	Guidance, counseling, and								
	evaluation services		100 678		-		12 950		(87 728)
33	Health services		53 048		-		-		(53 048)
34	Student transportation		192 224		-		8 093		(184 131)
35	Food services		320 977		66 185		174 511		(80 281)
36	Extracurricular activities		260 385		5 672		10 069		(244 644)
41	General administration		523 860		-		27 711		(496 149)
51	Plant maintenance and operations		640 626		-		20 777		(619 849)
52	Security and monitoring		14 480		-		4 382		(10 098)
53	Data processing services		29 563		-		-		(29 563)
81	Facilities repair and maintenance		12 844		-		-		(12 844)
93	Payments related to shared								
	services arrangements	_	84 644					_	(84 644)
TG	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL								
	ACTIVITIES	_	5 835 521		71 857		654 125	_	(5 109 539)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$_	5 835 521	\$	71 857	\$	654 125	_	(5 109 539)
		Ge	neral Revenue	s:					
	MT		Property taxe	es, le	vied for genera	al	purposes		2 837 683
	GC		Grants and c	onti	ibutions not r	es	tricted to		
			specific pro	gran	ıs				2 680 762
	IE	Investment earnings							21 895
	MI		Miscellaneou	.s				_	5 570
	TR		TOTAL GE	NEF	AL REVENUE	S		_	5 545 910
	CN		CHANGE I	N N	ET POSITION				436 371
	NB	Ne	t position - Be	ginn	ing			_	13 536 294
	NE		NET POSI	ΓΙΟΝ	- ENDING			\$	13 972 665

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-1

			10		60				98
DATA CONTROL CODES			GENERAL FUND	_	CAPITAL PROJECTS		TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS	. <u>-</u>	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and cash equivalent	\$	4 306 161	\$	3 162 668	\$	-	\$	7 468 829
1220	Property taxes receivable		683 602		_		-		683 602
1230 1240	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(34 180) 107 088		_		- 41 409		(34 180) 148 497
1250	Due from other governments Accrued interest		107 088		-		41 409		148 497
1260	Due from other funds		52 237		-		13 074		65 311
1290	Other receivables		13 187		-		13 074		13 187
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5 129 742	\$	3 162 668	\$	 54 483	\$	8 346 893
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	Ψ	3 129 142	Ψ	3 102 008	- Ψ ₋	34 463	Ψ =	0 340 093
	LIABILITIES								
	Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	40 992	\$	561 686	\$	8 009	\$	610 687
2160	Accrued wages payable	Ψ.	107 735	Ψ.	-	Ψ.	8 721	Ψ.	116 456
2170	Due to other funds		13 074		18 954		33 283		65 311
2200	Other accrued expense		21 461		-		4 470		25 931
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	183 262	-	580 640		54 483	_	818 385
		•		-				-	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS								
2600	Unavailable revenue		649 422		_		-		649 422
	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		649 422	-	-		-		649 422
		•		_					
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
	DEFERRED INFLOWS		832 684	_	580 640		54 483		1 467 807
	FUND BALANCE								
3600	Unassigned		4 297 058	_	2 582 028		-	_	6 879 086
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCE		4 297 058	-	2 582 028		-		6 879 086
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES								
	DEFERRED INFLOWS,	1.		_		4.		_	
	AND FUND BALANCE	\$	5 129 742	\$	3 162 668	\$	54 483	\$_	8 346 893

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2019

	EXH	IBIT C-1R
TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET	\$	6 879 086
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		8 758 356
Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		649 422
Long-term liability for net pension and net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the funds. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		(468 329) (1 648 641)
Deferred outflows of resources for pension represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.		227 032
Deferred inflows of resources for pension represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.		(118 785)
Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.		215 864
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.	_	(521 340)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT A-1)	\$_	13 972 665

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-2

			10		60				98
DATA CONTROL CODES	_	_	GENERAL FUND	<u>-</u>	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
	Revenues:								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	2 853 370		6 280	\$	66 185	\$	2 925 835
5800	State program revenues		1 147 877		-		21 332		1 169 209
5900	Federal program revenues	_	1 532 885		-		272 769	_	1 805 654
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	5 534 132		6 280		360 286	_	5 900 698
	Expenditures:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		2 713 343		-		116 848		2 830 191
0012	Instructional resources and media								
	services		30 809		-		-		30 809
0013	Curriculum and staff development		4 790		-		9 715		14 505
0021	Instructional leadership		11 532		-		2 507		14 039
0023	School leadership		246 241		-		-		246 241
0031	Guidance, counseling and								
	evaluation services		79 346		-		560		79 906
0033	Health services		53 048		-		-		53 048
0034	Student transportation		146 464		-		-		146 464
0035	Food services		11 995		-		283 879		295 874
0036	Extracurricular activities		207 934		-		-		207 934
0041	General administration		477 402		-		-		477 402
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		601 294		-		-		601 294
0052	Security and monitoring services		10 098		-		4 382		14 480
0053	Data processing services		29 563		-		-		29 563
0081	Capital outlay		414 135		1 504 289		-		1 918 424
0093	Payments to shared service								
	arrangements		84 644		-		_		84 644
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	5 122 638		1 504 289		417 891	_	7 044 818
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	=	411 494		(1 498 009)		(57 605)	_	(1 144 120)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers in		-		4 080 037		57 605		4 137 642
8911	Transfers out		(4 137 642)		-		_		(4 137 642)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	_	(4 137 642)		4 080 037		57 605	_	-
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(3 726 148)		2 582 028		-		(1 144 120)
0100	Fund balances - Beginning	-	8 023 206		-		-		8 023 206
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$_	4 297 058	\$	2 582 028	\$_	-	\$_	6 879 086

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (1 144 120)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	1 905 580
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(297 438)
Certain property tax revenues are recorded as unearned in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	11 170
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources	

The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

 $(28\ 903)$

(9918)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT B-1)

and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

436 371

EXHIBIT C-3

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT E-1

DATA CONTROL CODES	-		AGENCY FUNDS
1110	ASSETS Cook and cook equivalents	\$	34 000
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	34 000
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34 000
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2190	Due to student groups	\$	34 000
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	34 000

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

B. Reporting Entity

The Brookeland Independent School District (the District) is governed by a seven-member board of trustees (the Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary, education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the District.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The capital projects fund is used by the District to track expenditures related to ongoing construction projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *agency fund* accounts for assets held by the District for student organizations. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement or results of operations.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds are eliminated in governmental activities.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Deposits and Investments

Investments for the District, except for the investment pools and non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with the appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or net asset value; i.e., fair value. Non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are define by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Land and improvements and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Furniture and equipment	5-40

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. Compensated Absences

The District does not have a liability for unused state and local leave at year-end due to the District's policy does not allow such a benefit when an employee separates from service with the District.

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bonds or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by board action or the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has, by policy, authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balances as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments general exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Pension Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's Pension Plan fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

11. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Pension Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property values are determined by the County Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. Prior to September 1 each year, the District must adopt its annual budget and as soon thereafter as practicable, shall adopt a tax rate thus creating the tax levy. Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of January 1 of each year.

H. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.



NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at August 31, 2019.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the functions (the legal level of budgetary control) of the following fund:

FUND	FUNCTION		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
General Fund	Student Transportation	- \$	141 905	\$ 146 464	\$ (4.559)

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. (FDIC) insurance.



NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Investments

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in 1) Obligations of the United States or its agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) not less than A or its equivalent; 2) Certificates of deposit issued by a broker or depository located in Texas which is insured by the FDIC or purchased through a broker who has an office located in Texas; 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies not to exceed 90 days to maturity from the date of purchase; 4) Securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.0015; 5) Bankers acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer which are eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; 6) Commercial paper if it has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or one nationally recognized agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state; 7) No-load mutual funds which shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, include investments that comply with the Public Funds Investment Act and are continuously rated not less than AAA by at least one NRSRO; 9) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act; 10) Public funds investment pools which meet the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of any internally created pool to no more than 180 days, and any other individual investment not to exceed one year from the time of purchase, unless specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy dictates that no individual investment transaction shall be undertaken that jeopardizes the total capital position of the overall portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2019, District's deposits were insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District is not exposed to custodial risk due to the investments are insured or registered in the District's name or the investments are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

B. Receivables

Tax revenues of the general fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total change in uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Change in uncollectibles related to general fund property taxes	\$	9 180
TOTAL CHANGE IN UNCOLLECTIBLES OF THE	<u>-</u>	_
CURRENT FISCAL YEAR	\$	9 180

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

1. Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2019 is as follows:

		INTERFUND	INTERFUND
FUND	_	RECEIVABLES	PAYABLES
General fund	\$	52 237	\$ 13 074
Nonmajor governmental funds		13 074	52 237
TOTAL - ALL FUNDS	\$	65 311	\$ 65 311

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that generally result primarily from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are primarily paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

2. Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment." Transfers are the use of funds collected in one fund and are transferred to finance various programs accounted for in other funds. The following is a summary of the District's transfers for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019.

TRANSFER FROM	TRANSFER TO	AMOUNT
General Fund	National School Breakfast and	_
	Lunch Program	\$ 57 605
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	4 080 037
TOTAL		\$ 4 137 642

The transfers were made from the general fund to the other governmental fund - national school breakfast and lunch program to cover the fund's deficit. The transfers from the general fund to the capital projects fund were to establish the capital projects fund to track construction-related expenditures.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the district for the year ended August 31, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	_	BEGINNING BALANCE	. <u>-</u>	ADDITIONS		RETIREMENTS		TRANSFER/ ADJUSTMENTS		ENDING BALANCE
Non-Depreciable Assets:	_		4.		_		4.		4.	
Land and improvements	\$	164 310	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	164 310
Construction in progress	_	19 500	-	1 893 290		-			-	1 912 790
TOTAL NON-DEPRECIABLE		100.010		1 000 000						0.077.100
ASSETS	_	183 810	-	1 893 290		-			-	2 077 100
Depreciable Assets:										
Buildings and improvements		9 440 893		12 290		-		-		9 453 183
Furniture and equipment	_	1 184 821	_	-		-		_	_	1 184 821
TOTAL DEPRECIABLE ASSETS	_	10 625 714	-	12 290		_			_	10 638 004
Less Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings and improvements		(2 718 173)		(247 196)		-		-		(2 965 369)
Furniture and equipment	_	(941 137)	_	(50 242)		-		_	_	(991 379)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED										
DEPRECIATION	_	(3 659 310)	_	(297 438)		-		-	_	(3 956 748)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$_	7 150 214	\$	1 608 142	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	8 758 356

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11	Instruction	\$ 137 228
12	Instructional resources and media services	16 973
13	Curriculum and instructional staff development	3 831
23	School leadership	13 069
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	7 046
34	Student transportation	36 794
35	Food services	9 126
36	Extracurricular activities	41 297
41	General administration	15 759
51	Plant maintenance and operations	16 315
	TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	\$ 297 438

Construction Commitments

The District has commitments related to construction projects as of August 31, 2019. The projects include the construction and equipment of school facilities. At August 31, 2019, the District commitments with contractors for the school security construction project totals approximately \$3.96 million.

The commitment for construction and equipment of school facilities will be financed by the general fund.



NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - CONTINUED

E. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

						NONMAJOR	
				CAPITAL		GOVERNMENTAL	
	_(GENERAL	_	PROJECTS	_	FUNDS	 TOTALS
Property taxes	\$ 2	2 826 513	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2 826 513
Investment income		15 615		6 280		=	21 895
Food sales		-		-		66 185	66 185
Other		11 242		-	_	=	 11 242
TOTALS	\$ 2	2 853 370	\$	6 280	\$	66 185	\$ 2 925 835

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

Property Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property/liability losses for which the District carries commercial insurances. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were not settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Losses

The District participates in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund ("Fund") Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Program. The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for coverages and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its coverages and transfers the risk to the Fund. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member districts would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the pool. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year or settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

During the fiscal year, ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by TRS-Active Care (the Plan) a statewide health coverage program for Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid premiums of \$____ per month, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to the TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

B. <u>Contingencies</u>

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2019, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description:

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided:

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Contributions:

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

	CONTRIBUTION RATE		
	2018		2019
Member	7.7%	_	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%		6.8%
Employers	6.8%		6.8%
Employer Contributions - 2019		\$	23 732
Member Contributions - 2019		\$	218 176
NECE On-behalf Contributions - 2018		\$	165 179

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.



NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal Asset Valuation Method Market Value Single Discount Rate 6.907% Long-term Expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25% 2.30% Inflation Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation Benefit Changes During the Year None Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

Discount Rate:

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

ASSET CLASS		TARGET ALLOCATION*	LONG-TERM EXPECTED ARITHMETIC REAL RATE OF RETURN	EXPECTED CONTRIBUTION TO LONG-TERM PORTFOLIO RETURNS**
Global Equity	U.S.	18%	5.70%	1.04%
- •	Non-U.S. Developed	13%	6.90%	0.90%
	Emerging Markets	9%	8.95%	0.80%
	Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.53%	0.14%
	Private Equity	13%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value	U.S. Treasuries	11%	1.11%	0.12%
	Absolute Return	- %	- %	- %
	Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.09%	0.12%
	Cash	1%	(0.30)%	- %
Real Return	Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.70%	0.02%
	Real Assets	14%	5.21%	0.73%
	Energy and Natural Resources	5%	7.48%	0.37%
	Commodities	- %	- %	- %
Risk Parity	Risk Parity	5%	3.70%	0.18%
	Inflation Expectation			2.30%
	Volatility Drag**			(0.79)%
Total		100%		7.25%

^{*} Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.5 percent. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% DECREASE IN DISCOUNT RATE (5.907%)	DISCOUNT RATE (6.907%)	1% INCREASE IN DISCOUNT RATE (7.907%)		
District proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 710 130	\$ 464 329	\$ 273 039		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$464,329 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 468 329
State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the District	2 700 556
TOTAL	\$ 3 168 885

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.



^{**} The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

At August 31, 2018 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0008%, the same as the proportion at August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.

The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.

The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.

The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$267,283 and revenue of \$267,283 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

		DEFERRED	DEFERRED
		OUTFLOWS OF	INFLOWS OF
		RESOURCES	RESOURCES
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	2 919	\$ 11 491
Changes in actuarial assumptions		168 855	5 277
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		24 339	33 225
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		7 187	68 792
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		23 732	-
TOTAL	\$	227 032	\$ 118 785
	-		

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

PENSION
EXPENSE
AMOUNT
\$ 17 510
\$ (1 191)
\$ (3 983)
\$ 24 232
\$ 28 593
\$ 19 354
· · · ·

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

D. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan</u>

Plan Description:

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling 512.542.6592.

Benefits Provided:

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees										
January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018										
	_	Medicare		Non-Medicare						
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200						
Retiree and Spouse		529		689						
Retiree* and Children		468		408						
Retiree and Family		1 020		999						

^{*} or surviving spouse

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Contributions:

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Employer Contributions - 2019 \$	21 787	
Member Contributions - 2019 \$	18 418	
NECE On-behalf Contributions - 2018 \$	35 176	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the fiscal years 2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in fiscal year 2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.69% as of August 31, 2018

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study performed for the Teachers Retirement System of Texas

of the period ending August 31, 2017.

Mortality Assumption The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables

for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection, the ultimate

improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). Healthcare Trend Rates

Initial medical trend rates of 107.74% and 9.00% for Medicare retirees and

Initial medical trend rates of 107.74% and 9.00% for Medicare retirees and initial medical trend rate of 6.75% for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00% for all retirees. The first year medical trend for Medicare retirees (107.74%) reflects the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 9 years.

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age

65

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience.

Expenses Third party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are

included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Other Information: There was a significant plan change adopted in fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will be offered and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. Assumption changes made for the August 31, 2017 valuation include a change to the assumption regarding the phase-out of the Medicare Part D subsidies and a change to the discount rate from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018.

Discount Rate:

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis:

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
	in Discount		Single Discount		in Discount
	Rate (2.69%)		Rate (3.69%)		Rate (4.69%)
District's proportionate share of the	·	_	, ,	_	<u> </u>
net OPEB liability	\$ 1 962 449	\$	1 648 641	\$	1 400 398

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs:

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,648,641 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provide to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1 648 641
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	2 549 639
TOTAL	\$ 4 198 280

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0033% which increased 0.0001% from the proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

		1% Decrease		Current Single		1% Increase in
		in Healthcare		Healthcare		Healthcare
		Trend Rate		Trend Rate		Trend Rate
	_	(7.5%)	_	(8.5%)	_	(9.5%)
District's proportionate share	_				_	
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1 962 449	\$	1 648 641	\$	1 400 398

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

The following assumptions and other inputs which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- 1. Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- 2. The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.



NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study 3. performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- 4. The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability
- 5. Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section G. for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$92,741 and revenue of \$92,741 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 87 487	\$ 26 018
Changes in actuarial assumptions	27 511	495 322
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	288	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	78 791	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	21 787	-
TOTAL	\$ 215 864	\$ 521 340

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
YEAR ENDED	EXPENSE
AUGUST 31,	 AMOUNT
2020	\$ (55 085)
2021	\$ (55 085)
2022	\$ (55 085)
2023	\$ (55 139)
2024	\$ (55 170)
Thereafter	\$ (51 699)



NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (known as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care received payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$11,217, \$8,826 and \$8,217, respectively.

E. <u>Joint Venture-Sharing Service Arrangement</u>

The District participates in the following shared service arrangement:

Sabine County Special Education

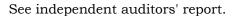
The District participates in a shared services arrangement which provides service for special education students, funded under TEC Section 29.007, TGC 791.001. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Hemphill ISD, nor does the District have a new equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources not fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT G-1

DATA CONTROL CODES	-	-	BUDGETI ORIGINAL	ED A	MOUNTS FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE OR (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	2 586 500	\$	2 586 500	\$	2 853 370	\$	266 870
5800	State program revenues		1 233 133		1 233 133		1 147 877		(85 256)
5900	Federal program revenues	-	1 485 452	_	1 485 452		1 532 885		47 433
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	-	5 305 085		5 305 085		5 534 132		229 047
	Expenditures:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		2 673 542		2 748 542		2 713 343		35 199
0012	Instructional resources and								
	media services		38 130		41 130		30 809		10 321
0013	Curriculum and staff development		8 700		5 200		4 790		410
0021	Instructional leadership		8 000		11 600		11 532		68
0023	School leadership		247 553		252 553		246 241		6 312
0031	Guidance, counseling and								
	evaluation services		78 484		93 984		79 346		14 638
0033	Health services		53 400		58 400		53 048		5 352
0034	Student transportation		138 405		141 905		146 464		(4 559)
0035	Food services		-		11 995		11 995		-
0036	Co-curricular/								
	extracurricular activities		237 559		237 559		207 934		29 625
0041	General administration		479 006		479 006		477 402		1 604
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		704 491		646 891		601 294		45 597
0052	Security and monitoring services		46 000		12 000		10 098		1 902
0053	Data processing services		28 100		30 100		29 563		537
0081	Facilities acquisition								
	and construction		4 957 500		428 005		414 135		13 870
0093	Payments to fiscal agents		95 000		95 000		84 644		10 356
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	9 793 870	_	5 293 870		5 122 638		171 232
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUE	-		_					
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(4 488 785)		11 215		411 494		400 279
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
8911	Transfer out		(30 000)		(20,000)		(4 127 640)		(4 107 640)
		-	(30 000)		(30 000)		(4 137 642)		(4 107 642)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	_	(30 000)		(30 000)		(4 137 642)		(4 107 642)
		-		_					 _
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4 518 785)		(18 785)		(3 726 148)		(3 707 363)
0100	Fund balances - Beginning		8 023 206		8 023 206	_	8 023 206	_	
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	3 504 421	\$	8 004 421	\$	4 297 058	\$	(3 707 363)





BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-2

	_	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0008%	0.0008%	0.0008%	0.0009%	0.00128%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	468 329	\$ 264 174	\$ 318 756	\$ 328 990	\$ 342 921
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	_	2 700 556	 1 612 043	 2 034 579	 1 935 693	 1 530 510
TOTAL	\$_	3 168 885	\$ 1 876 217	\$ 2 353 335	\$ 2 264 683	\$ 1 873 431
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2 889 097	\$ 2 820 717	\$ 2 844 756	\$ 2 754 905	\$ 2 588 402
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		16.21%	9.37%	11.21%	11.94%	13.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

^{*} This schedule illustrates the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-3

	_	2019	 2018	 2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	23 732	\$ 28 446	\$ 27 078	\$	26 402	\$	27 600
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(23 732)	 (28 446)	 (27 078)	- -	(26 402)	_	(27 600)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2 833 462	\$ 2 889 097	\$ 2 820 717	\$	2 844 756	\$	2 754 905
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.84%	0.98%	0.96%		0.93%		1.00%

^{*} This schedule illustrates the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY AND DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-4

District's Proportionate Share of Liability		2018		2017
District's proportion of the OPEBL		0.0033%		0.0032%
District's proportionate share of the OPEBL	\$	1 648 641	\$	1 373 339
State share of the OPEBL associated with the District TOTAL	\$	2 549 639 4 198 280	\$	2 271 126 3 644 465
District's covered-employee payroll* Prior FY TRS Gross - September through August	\$	2 889 097	\$	2 820 717
Proportionate share/covered payroll		57.06%		48.69%
Plan fiduciary net position/total OPEB liability		1.57%		0.91%
District Contributions		2019	. <u>-</u>	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions to required contribution CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ \$ _	21 787 (21 787)	\$ =	22 380 (22 380)
District's covered payroll	\$	2 833 462	\$	2 889 097
Contributions to covered payroll		0.77%		0.77%

Information provided by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

^{*} This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION August 31, 2019

Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after 10 days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the functions (the legal level of budgetary control) of the following fund:

Fund	Function		Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance
General fund	Student transportation	\$	141 905	\$ 146 464	\$ (4 559)

COMBINING STATEMENTS AS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, not a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2019

DATA CONTROL CODES	_		211 ESEA, TITLE I PART A - IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS	 240 NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM		255 ESEA, TITLE II PART A, TEACHER AND PRINCIPAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING
	ASSETS					
1240	Due from other governments	\$	17 175	\$ 3 598	\$	8 240
1260	Due from other funds	_	-	 13 074		-
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17 175	\$ 16 672	\$_	8 240
2110 2160 2170 2210	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Other accrued expenses	\$	2 897 13 936 342	\$ 6 720 5 824 - 4 128	\$	- - 8 240 -
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES		17 175	 16 672		8 240
3000	Fund Balances: TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	-	 -		
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	17 175	\$ 16 672	\$_	8 240

Exhibit H-1

	289		331		410		429		
									TOTAL
									NONMAJOR
	RURAL EDUCATION		CARL		STATE		STATE FUNDED		FUNDS
	ACHIEVEMENT		PERKINS		TEXTBOOK		SPECIAL		(SEE
	GRANT		GRANT		FUND	-	REVENUE FUND		EXHIBIT C-1)
\$	5 593	\$	_	\$	6 803	\$	_	\$	41 409
Ψ.	-	Ψ.	_	~	-	Ψ.	_	~	13 074
\$	5 593	\$	-	- \$	6 803	\$	-	\$	54 483
				_		•		• ' •	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1 289	\$	_	\$	8 009
	-		-		-		-		8 721
	5 593		-		5 514		-		33 283
	-		_		-		-		4 470
	5 593		-		6 803	-	-		54 483
						-	-		
\$	5 593	\$	_	\$	6 803	\$	-	\$	54 483

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

			211		240		255
			ESEA, TITLE I		NATIONAL		ESEA, TITLE II
			PART A -		SCHOOL		PART A, TEACHER
DATA			IMPROVING		BREAKFAST		AND PRINCIPAL
CONTROL			BASIC		AND LUNCH		TRAINING AND
CODES	_	_	PROGRAMS	_	PROGRAM		RECRUITING
	Revenues:						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	66 185	\$	-
5800	State program revenues		-		9 826		-
5900	Federal program revenues	_	92 815	_	150 263		8 790
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	-	92 815	-	226 274	•	8 790
	Expenditures:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		80 427		-		8 189
0013	Curriculum and staff development		9 715		-		-
0021	Instructional leadership		1 906		-		601
0031	Guidance, counseling, and						
	evaluation services		-		-		-
0035	Food services		-		283 879		-
0052	Security and monitoring services	_	767	_			
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	92 815	-	283 879		8 790
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUE						
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	(57 605)		
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
7915	Transfer in	_	-	_	57 605		-
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
	SOURCES AND (USES)	-	-	-	57 605		
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-
0100	Fund balances - Beginning	-	-	_			<u> </u>
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>

	289	331		410	429		
-	RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT GRANTS	 CARL PERKINS GRANT		STATE TEXTBOOK FUND	 STATE FUNDED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		TOTAL NONMAJOR FUNDS (SEE EXHIBIT C-2)
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	66 185
	-	-		10 782	724		21 332
	15 281	 5 620		-	 -		272 769
	15 281	 5 620		10 782	 724		360 286
	11 666	5 060		10 782	724		116 848
	-	-		-	-		9 715
	_	_		_	_		2 507
	_	560		-	-		560
	_	-		-	-		283 879
	3 615	 		_	 -		4 382
	15 281	 5 620		10 782	 724		417 891
							(57,605)
•		 	•	<u>-</u>	 	•	(57 605)
-	-	 -		-	 -		57 605
		 		-	 -		57 605
	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-		-	-		-
•						•	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2019

	(1)	(2)		(3) ASSESSED/APPRAISAL				
	TAX F	TAX RATES						
LAST 10 YEARS ENDED				VALUE FOR SCHOOL				
AUGUST 31,	MAINTENANCE	DEBT SERVICE		TAX PURPOSES				
2010 and prior years	Various	Various		Various				
2011	1.170000	0.000000	\$	175 035 727				
2012	1.170000	0.000000	\$	186 103 590				
2013	1.100000	0.000000	\$	206 613 000				
2014	1.040000	0.000000	\$	224 240 481				
2015	1.040000	0.000000	\$	234 612 692				
2016	1.040000	0.000000	\$	237 161 250				
2017	1.040000	0.000000	\$	249 801 250				
2018	1.040000	0.000000	\$	262 150 096				
2019 (School year under audit)	1.040000	0.000000	\$	269 449 135				

TOTALS

EXHIBIT J-1

	(10) BEGINNING	(20) CURRENT		(31)	(32) DEBT	(40) ENTIRE		(50) ENDING
	BALANCE	YEAR'S		MAINTENANCE	SERVICE	YEAR'S		BALANCE
-	09/01/2018	 TOTAL LEVY	-	COLLECTIONS	COLLECTIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	_	08/31/2019
\$	295 375	\$ -	\$	3 250	\$ -	\$ (26 014)	\$	266 111
	31 314	-		655	-	(1 316)		29 343
	33 297	-		725	-	(1 153)		31 419
	33 557	-		844	-	(933)		31 780
	33 627	-		963	-	(830)		31 834
	40 895	-		2 977	-	(816)		37 102
	44 153	-		4 553	-	(988)		38 612
	51 050	-		4 820	-	(1 203)		45 027
	99 984	-		68 804	-	35 826		67 006
-		 2 802 271		2 692 519	 	(4 384)	-	105 368
\$	663 252	\$ 2 802 271	\$	2 780 110	\$ -	\$ (1 811)	\$	683 602

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHILD NUTRITION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

EXHIBIT J-2

DATA CONTROL CODES			BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL				ACTUAL AMOUNTS	-	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE OR (NEGATIVE)	
	Revenues:									
5700	Local and intermediate									
	sources	\$	85 000	\$	85 000	\$	66 185	\$	(18 815)	
5800	State program revenues		8 585		8 585		9 826		1 241	
5900	Federal program revenues		156 000		156 000	_	150 263	_	(5 737)	
5020	TOTAL REVENUES		249 585		249 585		226 274		(23 311)	
		· •		_				-	_	
	Expenditures:									
0035	Food services		290 769		290 769		283 879	_	6 890	
6030	TOTAL									
	EXPENDITURES		290 769		290 769		283 879		6 890	
	EXCESS REVENUE									
	OVER EXPENDITURES		(41 184)		(41 184)		(57 605)	_	(16 421)	
	Other Financing Sources:									
7915	Transfers in	•	55 000		55 000		57 605	-	2 605	
	TOTAL OTHER									
	FINANCING SOURCES		55 000		55 000		57 605	-	2 605	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND									
	BALANCES		13 816		13 816		-		(13 816)	
0100	D 11 1 D : :									
0100	Fund balances - Beginning			-			-	-	-	
3000	FUND BALANCES -									
3000	ENDING	\$	13 816	\$	13 816	\$		\$	(13 816)	
	ENDING	Ψ	13 610	Ψ_	13 610	φ		Ψ	(13 610)	

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Brookeland Independent School District Brookeland, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governing Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brookeland Independent School District (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFYED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas December 19, 2019





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Brookeland Independent School District Brookeland, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Brookeland Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Brookeland Independent School District's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Brookeland Independent School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Brookeland Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Brookeland Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Brookeland Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lufkin, Texas December 19, 2019 CERTIFYED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

A. Summary of the Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements	
	Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>
	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
2.	Federal Awards	
	Internal control over major programs:	
	Material control over major programs:	
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	Yes <u>X</u> No
	Identification of major programs:	
		eral Program or Cluster Impact Aid
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No
ъ.	' 1 O	

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

NONE



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

There were no audit findings; therefore, no corrective action plan was required.

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

Exhibit K-1

(1) FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	(2) FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	(3) PASS THROUGH GRANTOR	 (4) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Education:			
Direct:			
Impact Aid	84.041	S041A-2018-4832	\$ 1 372 452
Application for Small, Rural School Achievement Programs	84.358A	S358A153232	5 593
Career and Technical Education	84.048	N/A	5 620
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	19610101121902	92 815
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training			
and Recruiting	84.367A	19694501121902	8 790
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	19680101121902	9 688
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1 494 958
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed Through State Department of Agriculture - Non Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	00640	14 925
National School Editer Program	10.555	00040	14 720
Passed Through State Department of Education - Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401901	29 849
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71301901	105 489
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	10.000	, 1001501	150 263
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Passed Through Jasper County: Schools and Roads - Grants to States (Forest)	10.665	N/A	3 419
		1	
Passed Through Sabine County:			
Schools and Roads - Grants to States (Forest)	10.665	N/A	14 527
Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties (Mineral)	10.666	N/A	24 619
,		,	
Passed Through San Augustine County:			
Schools and Roads - Grants to State (Forest)	10.665	N/A	4 011
TOTAL FOREST SERVICE SCHOOLS AND ROADS CLUSTER			46 576
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			 197 019
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1 691 797

^{*}Clustered programs as required by Compliance Supplement.



BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2019

1. General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Brookeland Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in the preparation of, the general purpose financial statements. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designed for, specific purposes by a grantor. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specific project period.

2. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to Special Revenue funds is the current financial resource measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in fund balance. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when matured, and certain compensated absences, pension liability, other post-employment benefits, and claims, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources. Grant funds are considered to be earned as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met and expenditures have been incurred, and, accordingly, when such funds are received in advance, they are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

3. Availability of Funds

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the project period extended 30 days beyond the project period ending date.

4. Indirect Cost

The District does not use an indirect cost rate in federal programs.

5. Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 1 691 797
General Fund - Federal Revenue:	
SHARS	78 116
E-Rate	35 741
TOTAL FEDERAL REVENUES PER EXHIBIT C-2	\$ 1 805 654

BROOKELAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS As of August 31, 2019

Exhibit L-1

DATA CONTROL			
CODES		RI	ESPONSES
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government- wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	464 558
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-